Walking	Talking	- Surds	and In	dices

1.

Metric prefixes are used to describe large or small numbers. The metric prefix 'milli', in millimetres or milligrams, is used to describe small numbers. For example, 1 millimetre is 1000^{-1} metres which can also be written as 10^{-3} metres.

Complete the table below.

[6]

Metric prefix	1000 x	10 y	Standard form
hecto	1000 =		
tera		10 ¹²	
deci	1000-1/3		
yocto		10-24	

2.	Raul has been asked to look at some data. He is asked to write the data in the form 2^n , where n is a whole number Write the following numbers in the form 2^n .	or a decimal.
	(a) $\frac{1}{2^3}$	
	(b) (2 ^{0·3}) ^{0·4}	[1]
	$(c) \left(\sqrt[4]{8}\right)^{12}$	[1]
3.	(a) Simplify $4(x+5) - 3(2x-4)$.	
	(b) Simplify $\frac{y^{16} \times y^2}{y^4}$.	[2]
	(c) Solve $3b + 2 > 29$.	[1]

4.	(a)	Express $0.\overline{435}$ as a fraction.	
	(b)	Express $100^{-\frac{1}{2}}$ as a fraction.	[2]
		Given that $f = \sqrt{2}$, $g = \sqrt{5}$ and $h = \sqrt{10}$, find, in its simplest form, (i) $\frac{fg}{h}$,	[1]
		(ii) $fg + h$,	[1]
		(iii) fh.	[1]

5.

(a)	Evaluate $8^{-\frac{2}{3}}$.	[2]
(b)	Express 0·004 as a fraction.	[2]
(c)	Simplify $(4 + \sqrt{3})^2$.	[2]

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(a)	Express $8^{-\frac{2}{3}}$ as a decimal.	
••••		
(b)	Factorise $4x^2 - 1600$.	[2]
(0)	1000100	
•••••		
		[3]
(c)	Evaluate $(\sqrt{3})^6$.	
		[1]
(d)	Simplify $(2 + 3\sqrt{2})(5 - \sqrt{2})$.	
•••••		
•••••		
•••••		[3]

(a)	Evaluate 19 ⁰ .	
(b)	Find the value of $(\sqrt{80} - \sqrt{5})^2$.	[1]
(c)	Express 0·428 as a fraction.	[3]
(d)	Simplify $(\pi + 3)(\pi - 3)$. Give your answer in terms of π .	[2]
		[2]

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(a)	Express 0.034 as a fraction.
••••	
	[2]
(b)	Simplify $(3\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{2})(3\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{2})$ and state whether your answer is rational or irrational.
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