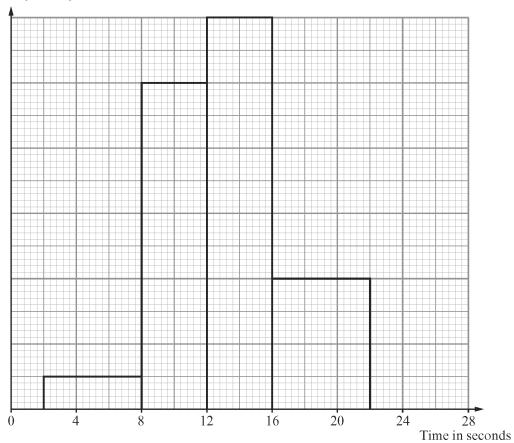
Walking Talking - Histograms

(a) As part of a quality control exercise in a supermarket, the time taken to scan 20 items was measured for each worker under the age of 40.A printout of the histogram that illustrates the results obtained is shown below.

Frequency density



Unfortunately, the labelling of the frequency density axis was missing from the printout. It is known that there were 12 workers under the age of 40 that took more than 16 seconds to scan the 20 items.

(i)	Complete the labelling of the scale on the frequency density axis.	

(ii)	Calculate how many workers under the age of 40 took part in this quality control exercise.
•••••••	
	[2]
(iii)	Calculate an estimate of the median time taken by a worker under the age 40 to scan 20 items.

•••••	[4]

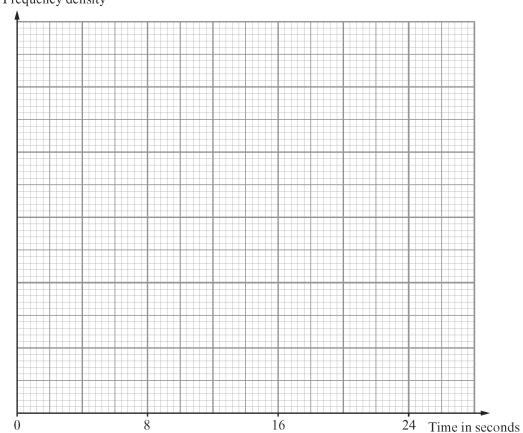
(b) As part of the quality control exercise in a supermarket, the time taken to scan 20 items was measured for each worker aged 40 or over.

The table below shows the results.

Time in seconds, t	$0 < t \leqslant 4$	$4 < t \leqslant 8$	$8 < t \leqslant 12$	$12 < t \leqslant 16$	$16 < t \leqslant 24$
Number of workers	0	2	36	24	8

Complete the scale on the frequency density axis and draw a histogram to illustrate the distribution on the graph paper below.

Frequency density

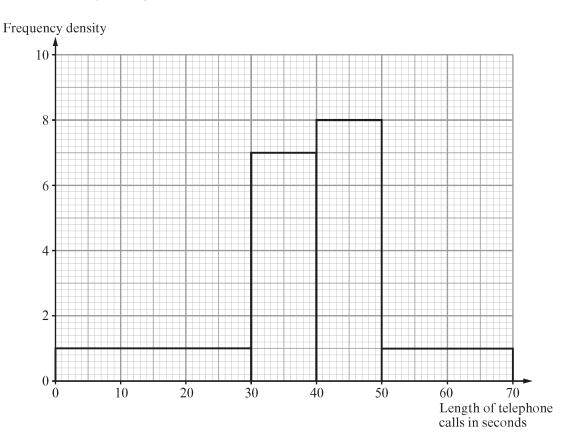


[3]

(c)	Which of the two groups of workers is, on average, quicker at scanning 20 its supermarket? You must give a reason for your answer.	ems in the
		•••••

•••••		[1]

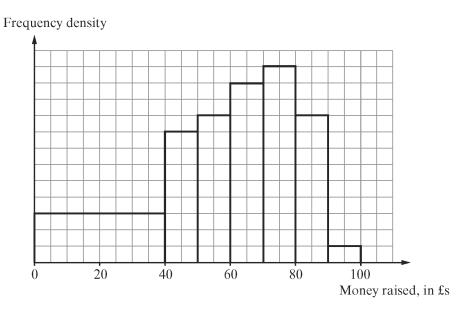
The histogram illustrates the lengths of telephone calls made to a computer helpline during one Tuesday evening.



(a)	Calculate how m Tuesday evening.	any telephone ca	lls were made	to the computer	helpline during th	1e

(b)	Estimate the median length of a telephone call made to the computer helpline during the Tuesday evening.
•••••	
•••••	
	[2]

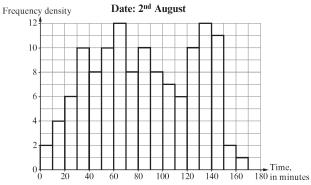
Jack arranged a raffle to raise money. He has drawn a histogram to show the distribution of money raised from the raffle.

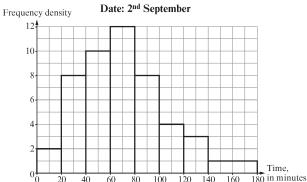


Jack has forgotten to write the scale on the vertical axis. He knows that 40 people each raised £50 or less. Calculate an estimate for the total money raised.
[6]

4.

The histograms below show the total times that office workers in a company spent on the phone on 2^{nd} August and on 2^{nd} September.





(a)	Calculate the number of office workers who spent a total time of 60 minutes of the phone on $2^{\rm nd}$ August.	or less on [3]

(b) Explain why it is not possible to use the histogram to calculate how many telephone calls were made on 2nd August?

[1]

(c) Grant suggested that it is not possible to calculate exactly how many office workers spent longer than 130 minutes on the telephone on 2nd September.

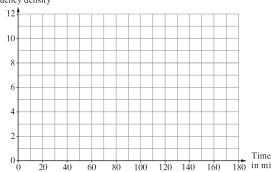
Is Grant correct? You must give a reason for your answer.

[1]

(d) Use the graph paper below to redraw the 2nd August histogram, using groups of the same width as those in the histogram for 2nd September.

Date: 2nd August

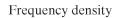


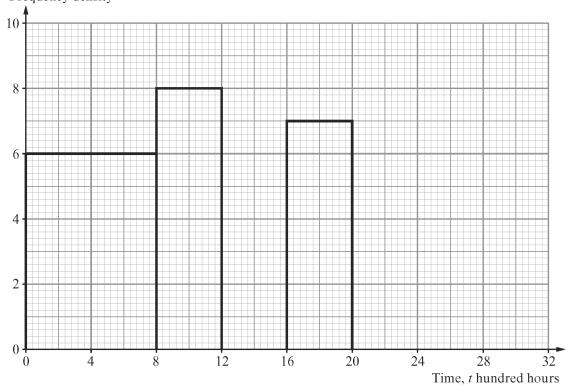


5.

The histogram and frequency table show some information about the time, in hundreds of hours, that a number of similar light bulbs lasted.

Time, t hundred hours	Number of light bulbs
$0 < t \leqslant 8$	48
$8 < t \leqslant 12$	
$12 < t \leqslant 16$	40
$16 < t \leqslant 20$	
$20 < t \leqslant 30$	20

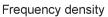


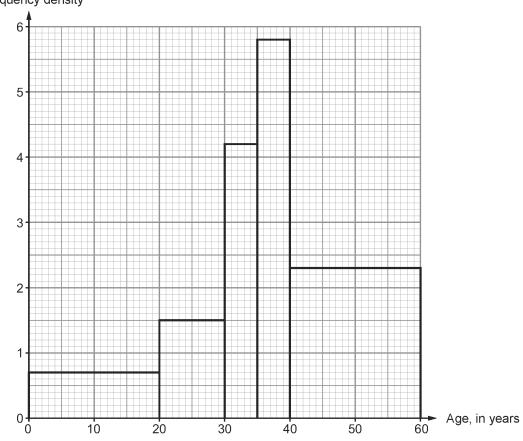


(a)	Complete the frequency table and the histogram shown opposite.
•••••	
•••••	
•••••	
•••••	[4]
(b)	Find the estimate for the number of light bulbs that lasted between 2000 hours and 2400 hours.
	[1]
(c)	There are 56 bulbs that lasted less than <i>y</i> hundred hours. Calculate an estimate for <i>y</i> .

	FA3
	[3]

The histogram below shows the ages of the people staying in a hotel one weekend.



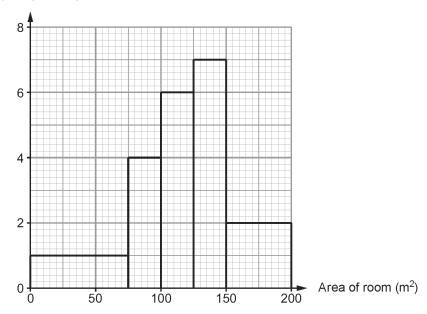


(a) Use the histogram to complete the grouped frequency table below.				[2]	
Age in years	0 ≤ <i>a</i> < 20	20 ≤ <i>a</i> < 30	30 ≤ <i>a</i> < 35	35 ≤ <i>a</i> < 40	40 ≤ <i>a</i> < 60
Frequency					

(b)	Calculate an estimate of the number of people whose ages are less than 24 years old. [2
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
•••••	
•••••	

The histogram illustrates the floor areas of the offices available to let by *Office Space UK* letting agency.

Frequency density



(a) Calculate how many of the offices available to let have a floor area greater than 75 m ² .

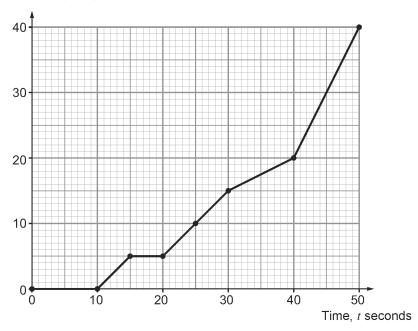
fee when any of the offices with a floor			100 m ² are let.	area of up to 10	(b)	
are let, how much will Office Space UK		for these off	angement fees fo	receive in arrar		
[4]		form.	wer in standard	Give your answ		
					•••••	
		••••••			•••••	

	••••••				**********	

	2	ble to let is 80 m²	e of office space availab	ad that the median size	It is reports	(c)
[2]			e available to let by Offic		Is this true	(6)

The cumulative frequency diagram shows the time taken by 40 athletes to complete a trial.

Cumulative frequency



(a)	Athletes completing the trial within 20 seconds are considered to be 'outstanding'. How many athletes are 'outstanding'?	[1]
(b)	Athletes completing the trial between 20 seconds and 40 seconds are considered to 'excellent'. How many athletes are 'excellent'?	o be [1]
(c)	Write down an estimate for the interquartile range of the times. You must show your working.	[2]

(d)	Using th histograr	e s n t	sar o il	ne Ius	cl tra	as ate	s i th	int ie	er tin	va 1e	ls ta	a: ake	s ı en	us by	ec / tl	l ii	n : 4	th 0	e atl	CL hle	ım ete	ula es	ati to	ve	fr om	ec ıpl	que ete	enc e th	y ne	dia tria	agr al.	am	ι, σ	draw [5
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